FTR - Flight Test Report

Manufacturer	independence gliders for real-pilots	Type testing No.	EAPR-GS-0804/18	JELLE J
	Fly Market GmbH & Co.KG Am Schönebach 3 D-87637 Eisenberg	serial number	Proto	Messen Prüfen Bewerten Rev. 2.3 - 26.11.2014
Model	del Grasshopper 22		Brauneck	EAPR GmbH - Marktstr. 11 D-87730 Bad Grönenbach - Germany
		Location	Achensee	

eise, vervielfältigt werden

Date of testing	08.04.2018	Minimum take off v 60 kg	veight	Maximum take off weight 80 kg		
Testpilot		Sepp Bauer		Mike Küng		
Harness		EAPR- Lightequipment	PEC	EAPR-Testequipment		
Pilot's take off weig	ht	60 kg		80 kg		

Classification	А
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Test-criteria		Minimum take off weight	Evaluation	Maximum take off weight	Evaluation	
1. Inflation / take-off - 4.4.1		Smooth, easy and constant tising,				
Rising behavior	ing behavior		А	no pilot correction required	А	
Special take off technique required		No A No		No	A	
2. Landing - 4.4.2						
Special landing technique required		No	No	A		
3. Speeds in straight flight - 4.4.3			A			
Trim speed more than 30km/h		Yes A Yes		Yes	А	
Speed range using the controls larger than 10km/h	ı	Yes	A	Yes	A	
Minimum speed		Less than 25 km/h	А	Less than 25 km/h	А	
4. Control movement - 4.4.4						
Max. weight in flight up to 80kg		Increasing > 55cm	А	Increasing > 55cm	А	
Max. weight in flight 80 to 100kg			-		-	
Max. weight in flight greater than 100kg			-		-	
5. Pitch stability exiting accelerated flight - 4.4	5					
Dive forward angle on exit		Dive forward less than 30°	А	Dive forward less than 30°	А	
Collapse occurs		No	A	No	A	
6. Pitch stability operating controls during acc	oloratod			10		
Collapse occurs	ciciatea	No	A	No	А	
		110	A	110	A	
7. Roll stability and damping - 4.4.7						
Oscillations		Reducing	A	Reducing	A	
8. Stability in gentle spirals - 4.4.8						
Tendency to return to straight flight		Spontaneous exit	A	Spontaneous exit	A	
9. Behaviour exiting a fully developed spiral di	ive - 4.4.					
Initial response of glider (first 180°)		Immediate reduction of rate in turn	A	Immediate reduction of rate in turn	A	
Tendency to return to straight flight		Spontaneous exit	A	Spontaneous exit	A	
Turn angle to recover normal flight		Less than 720°, spontaneous recovery	A	Less than 720°, spontaneous recovery	A	
10. Symmetric front collapse - 4.4.10						
Folding lines used		No		No		
Entry	~ 30%	Rocking back less than 45°	A	Rocking back less than 45°	A	
Recovery	c~ paeds	Spontaneous in less than 3 sec	А	Spontaneous in less than 3 sec	А	
Dive forward angle on exit	trim sp	0° - 30° Keeping course	A	0° - 30° Entering a turn of less than 90°	A	
Cascade occurs		No	A	No	A	
Entry Recovery	1 >50%	Rocking back less than 45° Spontaneous in less than 3 sec	A	Rocking back less than 45° Spontaneous in less than 3 sec	A	
Dive forward angle on exit	peeds	0° - 30° Keeping course	A	0° - 30° Entering a turn of less than 90°	А	
Cascade occurs	trim a	No Reeping course	A	No Entering a turn of less than 90°	A	
Entry	50%	Rocking back less than 45°	A	Rocking back less than 45°	A	
Recovery	rated > 50	Spontaneous in less than 3 sec	A	Spontaneous in less than 3 sec	A	
Dive forward angle on exit	elera	0° - 30° Keeping course	А	0° - 30° Entering a turn of less than 90°	A	
Cascade occurs			A	No	A	
11. Exiting deep stall (parachutal stall) - 4.4.11	1					
Deep stall achieved		Yes		Yes		
Recovery			A Spontaneous in less than 3 sec		А	
Dive forward angle on exit		0° - 30°	A	0° - 30°	А	
Change of course		Changing course less than 45°	A Changing course less than 45°		A	
Cascade occurs		No	A	No		

12. High angle of attack recovery - 4.4.12									
Recovery	Spontaneous in less than 3 sec			А	Spontaneous in less than 3 sec			А	
Cascade occurs	No						A		
13. Recovery from a developed full stall - 4.4.13									
Dive forward angle on exit Collapse	0° - 30° No collapse			A	0° - 30°			A	
Collapse Cascade occurs (other than collapse)	No			A	No collapse No			A	
Rocking backward		Less than 45°			A	Less than 45°			A
Line tension 14. Asymmetric collapse (trim speed) - 4.4.14	Most lines tight A Most lines tight			A					
Folding lines used		No				No			
Change of course until re-inflation	se	< 90°	Dive or roll angle	0° - 15°	А	< 90°	Dive or roll angle	15° - 45°	А
Re-inflation behavior	trim speed, max 50% collapse	Spontaneous re-inflation Less than 360°		А	Spontaneous re	-inflation		А	
Total change of course	trim speed < 50% colla			А	Less than 360°			A	
Collapse on the opposite side occurs Twist occurs	trir nax 5	No No		A	No			A	
Cascade occurs	-	No	-		A	No			A
Change of course until re-inflation	trim speed, max 75% collapse	< 90°	Dive or roll angle	15° - 45°	А	< 90°	Dive or roll angle	15° - 45°	А
Re-inflation behavior		Spontaneous re	-inflation		А	Spontaneous re	-inflation		А
Total change of course	im sp 75%	Less than 360°		A	Less than 360° No No			A	
Collapse on the opposite side occurs Twist occurs	tr max	No No		A				A	
Cascade occurs		No			A	No			A
Change of course until re-inflation	se	< 90°	Dive or roll angle	15° - 45°	А	< 90°	Dive or roll angle	15° - 45°	А
Re-inflation behavior	accelerated, max 50% collapse	Spontaneous re	-inflation	•	А	Spontaneous re	-inflation	•	А
Total change of course	celei 50%	Less than 360°			A	Less than 360°			А
Collapse on the opposite side occurs	ac lax 5	No			A	No			A
Twist occurs Cascade occurs	F	No No			A	No No			A A
Change of course until re-inflation	se	< 90°	Dive or roll angle	15° - 45°	А	< 90°	Dive or roll angle	15° - 45°	А
Re-inflation behavior	accelerated, max 75% collapse	Spontaneous re	-inflation	•	А	Spontaneous re	-inflation		А
Total change of course	cele 75%	Less than 360°			А	Less than 360°			A
Collapse on the opposite side occurs Twist occurs	ac nax 7	No No			A	No No			A
Cascade occurs	u	No			Â	No			A
15. Directional control with a maintained asym	metric co	llapse - 4.4.15							
Able to keep course straight	Yes			A	Yes				
180° turn away from the collapsed side possible in	Yes			A	Yes	Yes			
Amount of control range between turn and stall or	spin	More than 50%	of the symmetric	control travel	A	More than 50% of the symmetric control travel		control travel	A
16. Trim speed spin tendency - 4.4.16 Spin occurs		No			Α	No			A
17. Low speed spin tendency - 4.4.17		110				110			
Spin occurs		No			A	No			A
18. Recovery from a developed spin - 4.4.18		1			_	1			
Spin rotation angle after release		Stops spinning in less than 90°		A	Stops spinning in less than 90°			А	
Cascade occurs 19. B-line-stall - 4.4.19		No			A	No			A
Change of course before release		Changing course	e less than 45°		A	Changing course	e less than 45°		А
Behaviour before release			with straight spar	ı	A	Changing course less than 45° Remains stable with straight span		1	A
Recovery		Spontaneous in	less than 3 sec		A	Spontaneous in less than 3 sec			A
Dive forward angle on exit		0° - 30°		A	30° - 60°			А	
Cascade occurs 20. Big ears - 4.4.20		No			A	No			A
Entry procedure			Standard technique A Standard technique			A			
Behaviour during big ears Recovery		Stable flight Spontaneous in less than 3 sec		A	Stable flight Spontaneous in less than 3 sec			A	
Dive forward angle on exit		0° - 30°	-		A	0° bis 30°		A	
21. Big Ears in accelerated flight - 4.4.21									
Entry procedure		Standard technique		A	Standard technique			A	
Behaviour during big ears		Stable flight		A	Stable flight			A	
Recovery Dive forward angle on exit		Spontaneous in less than 3 sec		A	Spontaneous in less than 3 sec 0° bis 30°			A A	
Behaviour immediately after releasing the accelarator while		0° - 30° Stable flight		A	Stable flight			A	
maintaining big ears 23. Alternative means of directional control - 4	4.4.22	· · · ·							
180° turn achievable in 20 sec	Yes			А	Yes		А		
Stall or spin occurs		No			А	No			А
23. Any other flight procedure and/or configur	ation des	cribed in the use	r's manual - 4.4	.23					N14
Procedure works as descibed Procedure suitable for novice pilots				NA NA				NA NA	
Cascade occurs					NA				NA
24. Remarks of testpilot:									
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